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# Paris Paper Lists 32 CIA 'Agents'

*From Inquirer Wire Services*

PARIS—The extreme left-wing newspaper Liberation yesterday published the names of 32 persons it claims are CIA agents operating in the U. S. Embassy.

In many cases, the newspaper printed their addresses, post office boxes or telephone numbers.

The paper said the list was the result of a long investigation by Liberation reporters helped by Americans "disgusted by clandestine intervention of their government throughout the world."

In Washington, the State Department called the publication "contemptible and inflammatory."

"Experience has shown that the printing of such lists is extremely irresponsible," department spokesman Robert Funseth said. "It can incite lunatics and fanatics to attack diplomats."

A CIA spokesman said, "We are naturally concerned at the publication by any foreign journal of any list

of persons who are either identified correctly or incorrectly as having served as CIA employees.

"We sincerely hope that no Americans participated in this effort abroad against their fellow citizens."

Other U. S. officials said the government had been in contact with French officials about the newspaper's plans to publish the list, but the officials refused to say whether Washington had urged that the French government intervene in the matter.

There was no claim that Liberation's information was inaccurate.

Liberation said it was cooperating with the American magazine Counterspy, which last year published the names of alleged CIA bureau chiefs throughout the world.

"We don't wish anyone to meet death," Liberation said in reference to the slaying last month of Richard Welch, the CIA station chief in Athens. Welch was shot to death by three men after Counterspy and an Athens newspaper named him as a CIA chief.

Of the 32 reported CIA agents, 22 were men and 10 were women. One of the top men on the list was described as a specialist in activities against the Soviet KGB who previously had worked in Chile.

Calls to the telephone numbers listed in the paper received either no answer or a busy signal. Some of the telephones had been disconnected.

The paper, which has a running feud with the largely pro-Moscow French Communist Party, challenged the alleged station chief — described as an Ivy League college graduate — to publish the names of KGB agents in France.

Liberation said it would publish the names of more CIA agents as well as the names of KGB agents. It claimed that CIA and KGB agents knew each other well and that the first act of a CIA station chief in Moscow was to tip off Soviet authorities about his arrival.